## TRINITY <br> GUILDHALL

## Sample Grade 4 Theory Paper

## Section 1 (10 marks)

Put a tick ( $\checkmark$ ) in the box next to the correct answer.

## Example

Name this note:

AD$c \square$

This shows that you think C is the correct answer.
1.1 Name the circled note:

Ab $\qquad$
F
Eb
$\square$
1.2 Which is the correct grouping of main beats for this bar?

$(5,2)$$(4,3)$$(3,4)$

1.3 Which is the correct time signature?



1.4 Name this interval:

$\square$
Augmented 4th
Diminished 5th
$\square$
1.5 Which note is the enharmonic equivalent of this note?


C 4 $\square$


Eb $\square$
$\square$

Put a tick ( $\checkmark$ ) in the box next to the correct answer.
1.6 Which note is fa in the minor key shown by this key signature?


BD $\square$
D\#
$\square$
1.7 The correct label for the following scale is:


$$
\begin{array}{r}
\text { F major scale going up } \square \\
\text { G major scale going up } \square \\
\text { G natural minor scale going up }
\end{array}
$$

1.8 Which symbol does not fit with this dominant triad?


$$
\mathrm{V} \square \quad \mathrm{~A} \square \mathrm{I} \square
$$


1.9 Which Roman numeral fits below this triad?


Ic $\qquad$ Ib $\square$ $\square$
1.10 Name this cadence:


Plagal cadence in A minor $\square$
Perfect cadence in A minor $\square$
Amen cadence in A minor $\square$


## Section 2 (15 marks)

2.1 Write a one-octave C harmonic minor scale in crotchets going down then up. Do not use a key signature but write in the necessary accidentals.

2.2 Write the key signature for the key shown. Then write its one-octave arpeggio in the rhythm given below.

₹

C minor going up then down

## Section 3 (10 marks)

3.1 Circle five different mistakes in the following music, then write it out correctly.

$\qquad$
$\qquad$
$\qquad$

## Section 4 (15 marks)

4.1 Transpose this tune up an octave so that a double bass will be able to play it at the same pitch as the following notes.

Brahms


## F

$\square$

## Section 5 (15 marks)

5.1 Using minims, write out 4-part chords for SATB using the chords shown by the Roman numerals. Double the root in each case and make sure that each chord is in root position.


## Section 6 (15 marks)

6.1 Use notes from the chords shown by the chord symbols to write a tune above the bass line. Add some unaccented passing notes.

$\square$

Section 7 (20 marks)
Look at the following piece and answer the questions opposite.

7.1 In how many sections is this piece?
7.2 In which key is this piece?
$\qquad$
7.3 Put a bracket ( $\square$ ) above the place where you can see a one-octave scale in the key of the piece.
7.4 Write an appropriate chord symbol above bar 5.
$\square$
7.5 Describe the harmonic rhythm in bars 9-12.
$\qquad$
7.6 Name the notes that are unaccented passing notes in bar 11 (treble part).
7.7 In which bar are there only the notes of the subdominant chord (treble and bass parts)?
$\qquad$
7.8 Give the number of a bar where you can see every note of the dominant 7th chord (bass part).
7.9 Give the number of a bar where the rhythm is the same in both treble and bass parts.
7.10 Comment on the dynamic markings in this piece.
$\qquad$
$\qquad$
$\square$

